

Financial Results for the First Nine Months of 2022

Lion Corporation November 4, 2022



Consolidated Financial Results for the First Nine Months of 2022

Fiscal 2022 Financial Forecast



Consolidated Financial Results for the First Nine Months of 2022

Fiscal 2022 Financial Forecast



Sales rose but profit fell Y-o-Y in the first nine months of the year

Net sales (up Y-o-Y)

In the Consumer Products Business, sales increased, as sales growth of hand soaps, toothbrushes, antipyretic analgesics and other products outpaced the market
Sales in the Overseas Business increased, reflecting strong sales in Malaysia in Southeast Asia and South Korea in Northeast Asia
Sales in the Industrial Products Business increased, driven by demand growth in the chemicals field

Core operating income (down Y-o-Y)

•The impact of rising raw material costs expanded, leading to a year-on-year decrease in profit, despite total cost reductions and price increases

Operating profit and profit for the period attributable to owners of the parent (down Y-o-Y)

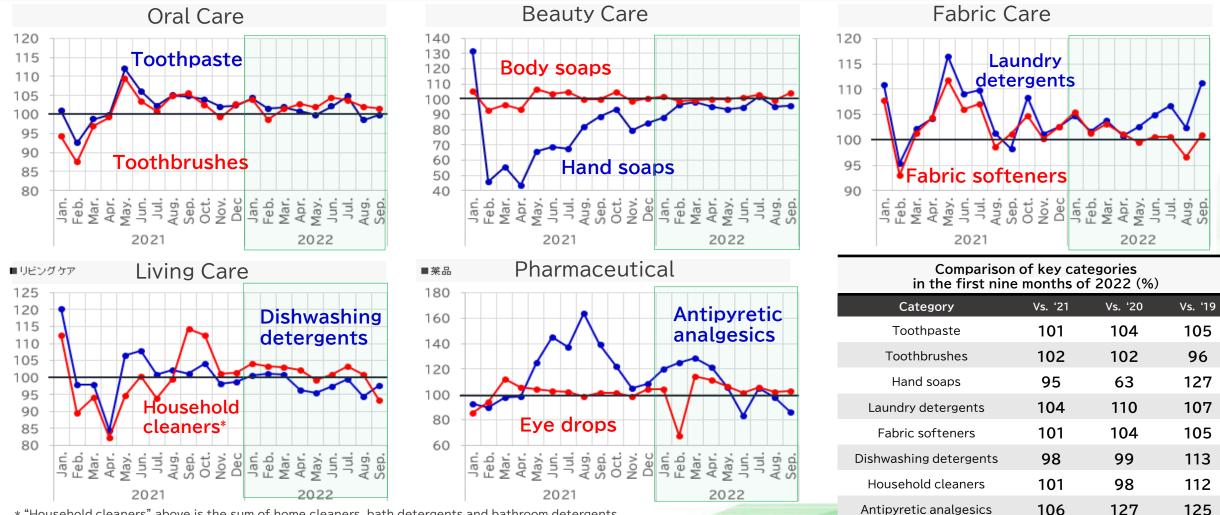
•Profit fell year on year mainly due to decreased core operating income

life.love.

From January to September, markets were steady overall

Y-o-Y comparison of consumer products markets in Japan by in-store sales value (%)

Source: INTAGE Inc. SRI+



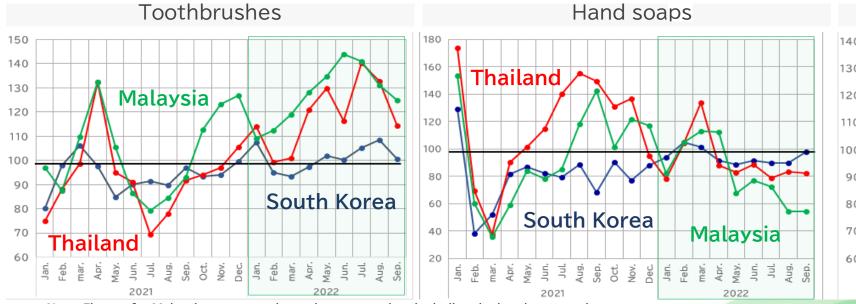
* "Household cleaners" above is the sum of home cleaners, bath detergents and bathroom detergents.

Sales value by country and category compared with previous years (%) (Jan.-Sep. 2022)

Toothbrushes and laundry detergents have seen recovery

									Source: Nielsen
		Thailand		Malaysia			South Kore		a
Category	Vs. '21	Vs. '20	Vs. '19	Vs. '21	Vs. '20	Vs. '19	Vs. '21	Vs. '20	Vs. '19
Toothbrushes	118	105	93	126	121	117	101	93	90
Hand soap	89	89	159	80	62	222	95	66	145
Laundry detergent	106	93	87	114	109	99	99	94	94

Y-o-Y comparison of overseas markets (%)



Laundry detergents



Note: Figures for Malaysia represent the entire soap market, including the hand soap market.

life.love.



Net sales increased Y-o-Y, but core operating income decreased due to the growing impact of rising raw material prices

	JanSep.	JanSep.	Y-o-Y (change
(Billions of yen)	2022	2021	Amount	%
Net sales	286.1	267.5	18.5	6.9 3.9*
Core operating income* ¹ % of net sales	1 7.2 6.0	25.3 9.5	(8.1)	(32.2)
Operating profit % of net sales	22.3 7.8	25.4 9.5	(3.0)	(12.1)
Profit for the period attributable to owners of the parent	17.1	19.0	(1.9)	(10.1)
EPS (Yen)	60.04	65.46	(5.41)	(8.3)
EBITDA* ²	28.7	35.6	(6.8)	(19.2)
EBITDA margin (%)* ³	10.1	13.3	-	(3.2PP)

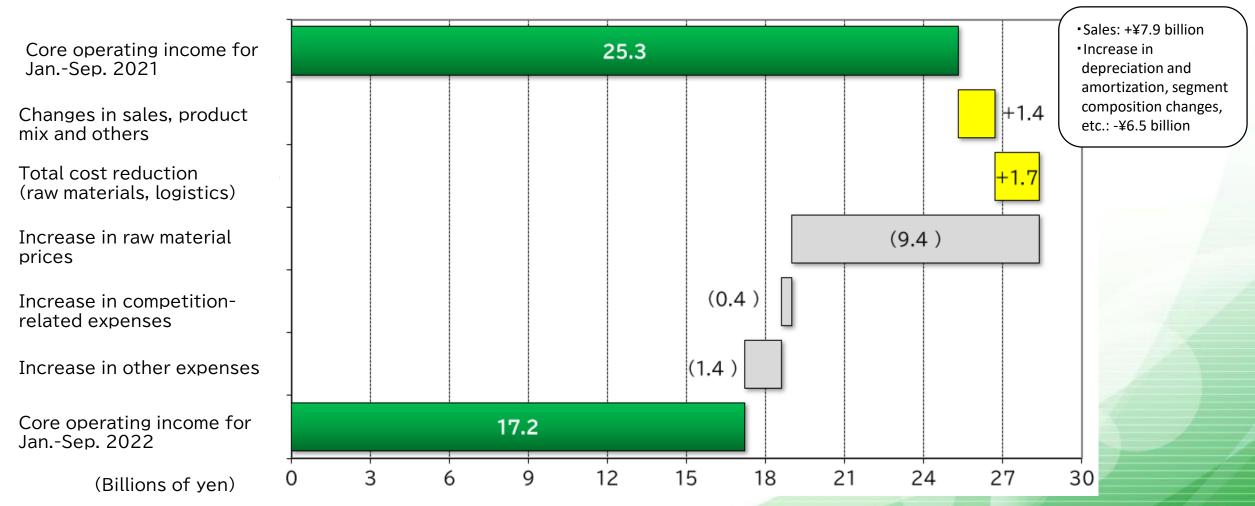
Notes 1. Core operating income is an earnings indicator the Company uses to measure regular business performance by subtracting selling, general and administrative expenses from gross profit. 2 EBITDA is an indicator of profitability on a cash basis calculated as the sum of core operating income and depreciation and amortization (excluding that of right-of-use assets as of

3. EBITDA margin: The ratio of EBITDA to consolidated net sales. * Y-o-Y change at constant currency excluding exchange rate fluctuations

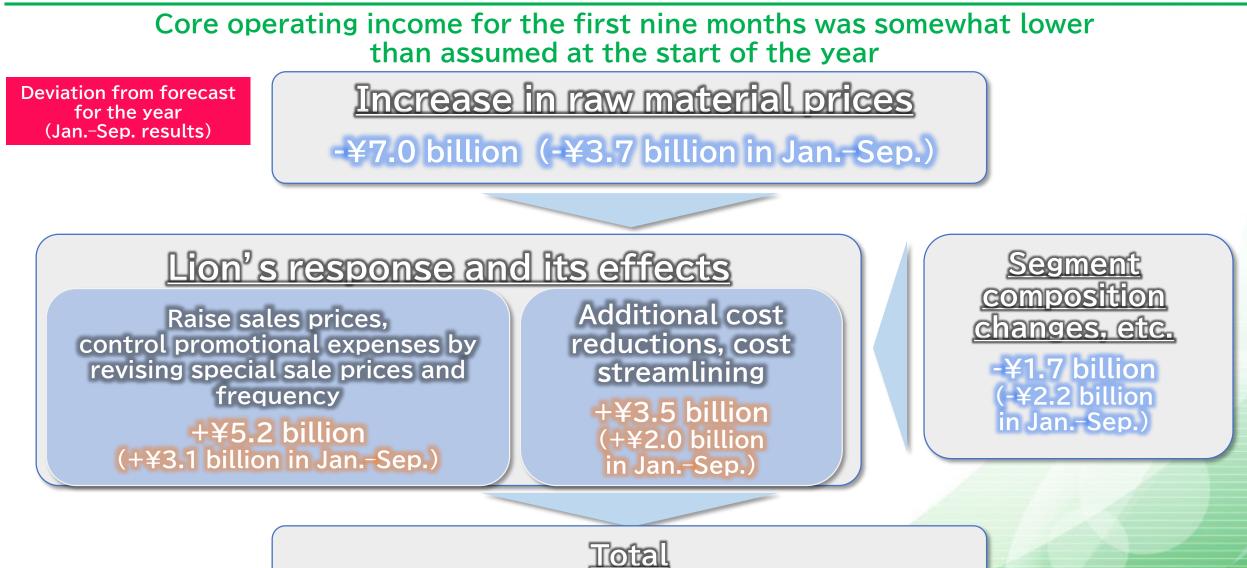
^{2022).}



Despite retail price hikes and total cost reductions, the growing impact of increases in raw material prices led to an overall decrease







±0 billion (-¥0.8 billion in Jan.-Sep.)

Results by Business Segment



Reflecting the growing impact of rising raw material prices in the Consumer Products Business, sales increased but profit decreased

	Net sales			Segment profit (Core operating income)						
(Billions of yen)	JanSep.	JanSep.	Ү-о-Ү с	:hange	JanSep.	JanSep.	Y-o-Y c	change		
	2022	2021	Amount %		2022, %	2021, %	Amount	%		
Consumer	193.0	187.0	5.9	3.2	8.9	15.9	$(\boldsymbol{6}, \boldsymbol{0})$	(12.0)		
Products	167.3	166.9	0.3	0.2	4.6%	4.6%	4.6%	8.5%	(6.9)	(43.8)
Industrial	42.3	36.8	5.4	14.9	2.3	2.3	0.0	0.1		
Products	27.6	25.1	2.4	9.9	5.7%	6.5%	0.0	0.1		
0	96.2	81.4	14.8	18.3	3.3 3.5%	4.7	(1 4)	(29.7)		
Overseas	88.1	73.6	14.4	19.7		5.9%	(1.4)			
Othor	11.2	22.8	(11.5)	(50.5)	0.8	1.7	(0,0)	(50.2)		
Other	3.0	1.8	1.1	62.1	7.7%	7.7%	(0.8)	(50.3)		
Adjustment	(56.7)	(60.5)	3.7	-	1.6	0.5	1 1			
Adjustment	(0.0)	(0.0)	0.0	-	-	-	1.1	-		
Consolidated Total	286.1	267.5	18.5	6.9	17.2 6.0%	25.3 9.5%	(8.1)	(32.2)		

* Upper lines: net sales; lower lines: sales to external customers

* From the first quarter of the fiscal year under review, due to a change in the business structure of consolidated Group subsidiary Lion Chemical Co., Ltd., said company's business, which was previously concentrated in the Industrial Products segment, has been divided between the Industrial Products and Consumer Products segments.

Segment information for the first nine months of the previous fiscal year has been restated to reflect this change.

Consumer Products Business Net Sales by Product Category

Sales of oral care and beauty care products increased, while sales of living care products fell, due partly to market contraction In Other, Group internal sales recorded by manufacturing subsidiaries rose

		Net sale	S		
(Billions of yen)	JanSep.	JanSep.	Y-o-Y change		
	2022	2021	Amount	%	
Oral Care	52.0	49.8	2.1	4.3	
Beauty Care	19.8	18.5	1.2	7.0	
Fabric Care	43.9	44.0	(0.0)	(0.2)	
Living Care	17.0	18.3	(1.2)	(6.8)	
Pharmaceutical	17.9	18.4	(0.5)	(3.1)	
Other	42.2	37.8	4.4	11.7	
Total	193.0	187.0	5.9	3.2	



In Southeast Asia, sales in Thailand and Malaysia increased due to market recovery, but profit fell due to rising raw material prices In Northeast Asia, sales and profit increased, driven by South Korea, despite the impact of changing e-commerce vendors in China

		Net sal	.es		Core operating income			
(Billions of yen)	JanSep.	JanSep.	Y-o-Y (change	JanSep.	JanSep.	Y-0-Y (change
	2022	2021	Amount	%	2022	2021	Amount	%
Southeast Asia	61.1	51.2	9.8	19.2	1.4	3.1	(1.6)	(52.3)
Northeast Asia	35.1	30.1	5.0	16.6	1.8	1.6	0.2	12.6
Total	96.2	81.4	14.8	18.3	3.3	4.7	(1.4)	(29.7)

Y-o-Y change at constant currency excluding exchange rate fluctuations: Southeast Asia: +9.1% (Thailand: +7.0%, Malaysia: +16.0%); Northeast Asia: +5.0% (China: -1.3%, South Korea: +16.4%); * Qingdao Lion Total: +7.6%



I Consolidated Financial Results for the First Nine Months of 2022

Fiscal 2022 Financial Forecast



14

Unchanged from the start of the year

	2022	2021	Y-o-Y (change
(Billions of yen)	2022	2021	Amount	%
Net sales	375.0	366.2	8.7	2.4
Core operating income* ¹ % of net sales	23.0 6.1	30.9 8.4	(7.9)	(25.6)
Operating profit % of net sales	27.5 7.3	31.1 8.5	(3.6)	(11.8)
Profit for the period attributable to owners of the parent	20.0	23.7	(3.7)	(15.8)
EPS (Yen)	68.79	81.73	(12.94)	(15.8)
EBITDA* ²	40.0	45.1	(5.1)	(11.5)
EBITDA margin (%)* ³	10.7	12.3	_	(1.6PP)
ROIC (%)*4	5.5	8.8	_	(3.3PP)
ROE (%)	8.0	9.8	_	(1.8pp)

Notes 1. Core operating income is an earnings indicator the Company uses to measure regular business performance by subtracting selling, general and administrative expenses from gross profit. 2. EBITDA is an indicator of profitability on a cash basis calculated as the sum of core operating income and depreciation and amortization (excluding that of right-of-use assets as of 2022). ¥43.9 billion in 2021 (adjusted).

3. EBITDA margin: The ratio of EBITDA to consolidated net sales.

4. ROIC is an indicator calculated from net operating profit after tax (NOPAT) divided by the average invested capital (total equity plus interest bearing liabilities) during the period, and measures the efficiency and profitability of the invested equity.



Lion will continue to implement four measures to achieve the targets of Vision2030 1st STAGE (2022–2024)

1. Accelerate introduction of high-value-added products

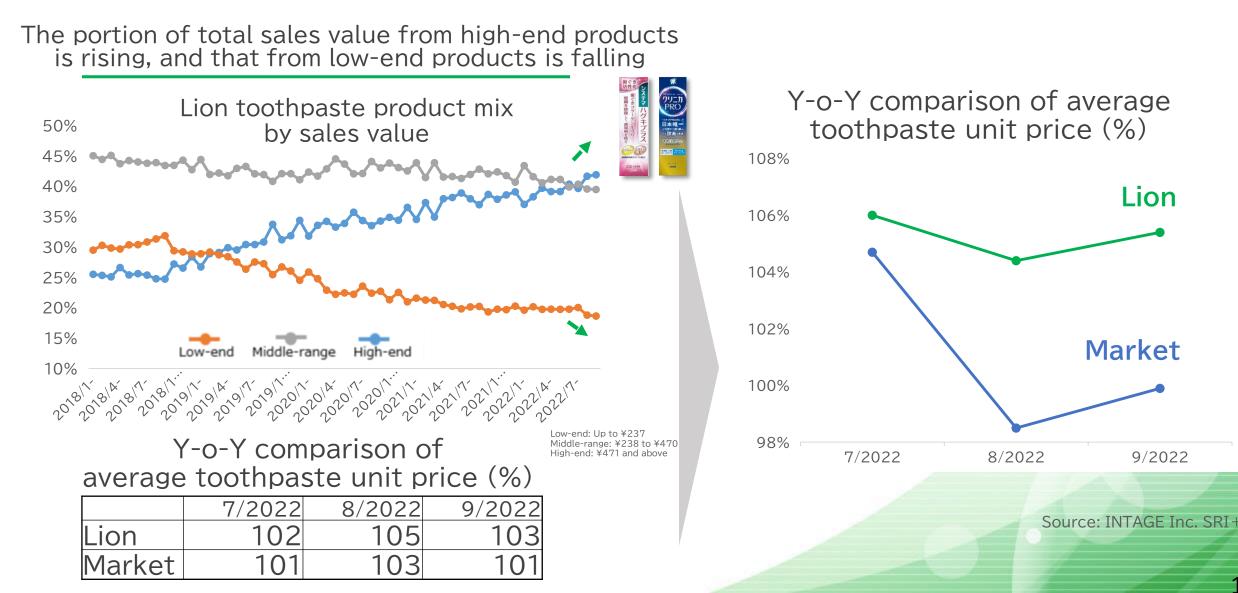
2. Revise profit structure by reshuffling the business portfolio

3. Increase sales prices (passing on increased raw material costs), revise special sale prices and frequency, etc.

4. Additional cost reductions and cost streamlining

Stimulating the Market and Increasing Profitability with High-Value-Added Products and Promotional Expense Control

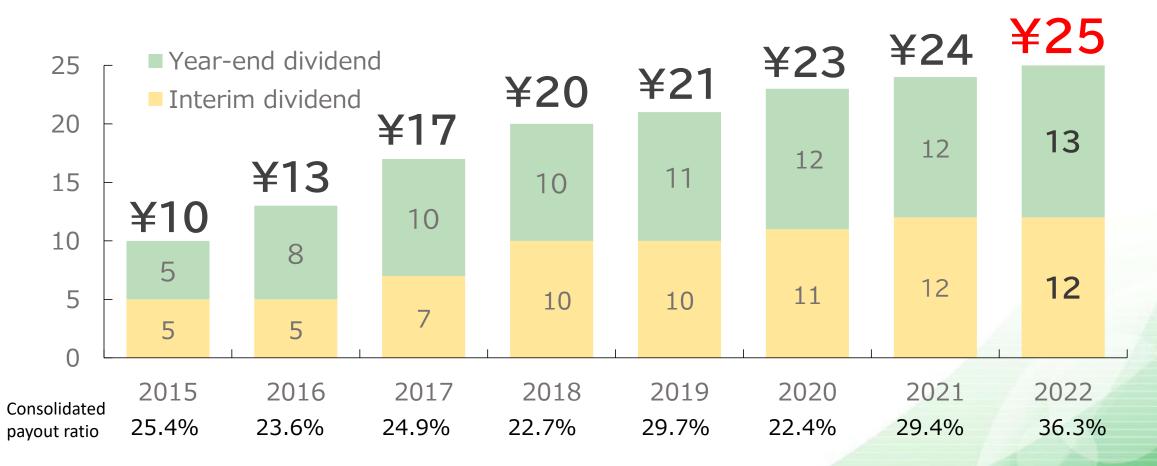
Maintain growth by accelerating the launch of high-value-added products



life.love.



Aiming to increase annual per-share dividend ¥1 to ¥25 (seventh consecutive year of increase)



Basic dividend policy

Return profits to shareholders on a continuous and stable basis (Consolidated payout ratio target: 30%)



Reference Materials



(Billions of yen)	2022 JanJun.	2022 JulSep.	Y-o-Y c Jul	Sep.
			Amount	%
Net sales	185.1	100.9	6.5	7.0
Core operating income* ¹ % of net sales	9.0 4.9	8.1 8.1	(3.2)	(28.5)
Operating profit % of net sales	14.2 7.7	8.1 8.1	(3.1)	(28.0)
Profit for the period attributable to owners of the parent	11.0	6.0	(2.1)	(26.3)
EPS (Yen)	38.75	21.29	(6.95)	(24.6)
EBITDA* ²	16.8	11.9	(3.3)	(21.9)

Notes 1. Core operating income is an earnings indicator the Company uses to measure regular business performance by subtracting selling, general and administrative expenses from gross profit.

2. EBITDA: An indicator of profitability on a cash basis calculated as the sum of core operating income and depreciation and amortization.

Segment Results for July–September 2022



		Net sal	es		Segment income (core operating income)			
(Billions of yen)	2022 JanJun.	2022 JulSep.	Y-o-Y (Jul	change Sep.	2022 JanJun.,	2022 JulSep.,		change Sep.
	Jan. Jun.	Jul: 30p.	Amount	%	%	%	Amount	%
Consumer	125.5	67.4	1.5	2.3	4.3	4.6	(3.1)	(40.6)
Products	108.5	58.7	(0.9)	(1.6)	3.4%	6.9%	(3.1)	(40.0)
Industrial	27.2	15.1	2.2	17.9	1.5	0.8	0.0	1 0
Products	18.2	9.4	0.8	9.7	7 5.7%	5.6%	0.0	1.2
	61.1	35.0	7.2	26.1	1.8	1.4	0.1	11 0
Overseas	55.6	32.4	7.1	28.1	3.1%	4.2%	0.1	14.3
Other	6.4	4.8	(1.6)	(25.1)	0.4	0.3	(0.3)	(100)
Other	2.9	0.1	(0.5)	(80.9)	7.5%	7.9%	(0.5)	(48.0)
Adjustment	(35.1)	(21.5)	(2.8)	-	0.8	0.7	0.1	
Adjustment	(0.1)	0.1	0.1	-	-	-	0.1	-
Consolidated total	185.1	100.9	6.5	7.0	9.0 4.9%	8.1 8.1%	(3.2)	(28.5)

* Upper lines: net sales; lower lines: sales to external customers

* From the first quarter of the fiscal year under review, due to a change in the business structure of consolidated Group subsidiary Lion Chemical Co., Ltd., said company's business, which was previously concentrated in the Industrial Products segment, has been divided between the Industrial Products and Consumer Products segments.

Segment information for the first nine months of the previous fiscal year has been restated to reflect this change.



		Total net sa	ales		
(Billions of yen)	2022	2022	Y-o-Y change JulSep.		
	JanJun.	JulSep.	Amount	%	
Oral care	33.6	18.3	0.6	3.7	
Beauty care	12.5	7.2	0.3	5.7	
Fabric care	28.9	15.0	(0.3)	(2.6)	
Living care	11.4	5.6	(1.0)	(15.6)	
Pharmaceuticals	11.1	6.7	(0.3)	(4.6)	
Other	27.8	14.3	2.2	18.3	
Total	125.5	67.4	1.5	2.3	

Consolidated Statement of Income



(Dillions of yor)	JanSep.	JanSep.	Ү-о-Ү с	hange
(Billions of yen)	2022	2021	Amount	%
Net sales	286.1	267.5	18.5	6.9
Cost of sales	158.4	134.3	24.1	17.9
Gross profit	127.6	133.2	(5.5)	(4.2)
Selling, general and administrative expenses	110.4	107.8	2.6	2.4
Core operating income	17.2	25.3	(8.1)	(32.2)
Other income	6.2	0.8	5.3	639.4
Other expenses	1.0	0.7	0.2	36.9
Operating profit	22.3	25.4	(3.0)	(12.1)
Finance income	0.8	0.5	0.3	62.3
Finance costs	0.0	0.1	(0.0)	(7.2)
Share of profit of investments accounted for using the equity method	1.5	1.7	(0.2)	(13.9)
Profit before tax	24.7	27.6	(2.9)	(10.7)
Income taxes	6.9	7.3	(0.4)	(5.7)
Profit for the period	17.7	20.3	(2.5)	(12.6)
Profit for the period attributable to non-controlling interests	0.6	1.2	(0.6)	(49.2)
Profit for the period attributable to owners of the parent	17.1	19.0	(1.9)	(10.1)

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

life.	love.
110	DN

	JanSep. 2022		JanSep. 2021		Y-o-Y change	
(Billions of yen)	Amount	% of sales (%)	Amount	% of sales (%)	Amount	%
ling, general and ninistrative expenses	110.4	38.6	107.8	40.3	2.6	2.4
Sales commissions	7.3	2.6	7.2	2.7	0.0	1.2
Promotional expenses	22.9	8.0	20.4	7.6	2.5	12.5
Advertising expenses	16.0	5.6	18.3	6.9	(2.2)	(12.4)
Transportation and warehousing expenses	15.5	5.4	14.7	5.5	0.7	5.0
R&D expenses	8.0	2.8	8.1	3.0	(0.0)	(1.0)
Other expenses	40.4	14.1	38.9	14.5	1.5	4.0

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position



(Billions of yen)	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	Change
Current assets	217.1	232.1	(15.0)
Cash and cash equivalents	85.1	97.2	(12.1)
Trade and other receivables	66.0	70.1	(4.1)
Inventories	55.7	51.7	4.0
Non-current assets	199.9	195.8	4.0
Property, plant and equipment	125.6	120.6	4.9
Intangible assets	24.1	23.9	0.1
Right-of-use assets	4.9	5.4	(0.4)
Other financial assets	22.5	21.8	0.7
Total assets	417.0	428.0	(10.9)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position



(Billions of yen)	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	Change
Current liabilities	120.9	139.2	(18.2)
Trade and other payables	106.5	123.1	(16.5)
Lease liabilities	1.3	1.4	(0.1)
Other current liabilities	7.2	8.1	(0.8)
Non-current liabilities	24.7	23.7	0.9
Retirement benefit liabilities	13.6	12.6	0.9
Lease liabilities	4.5	5.0	(0.5)
Equity	271.3	265.0	6.3
Share capital	34.4	34.4	-
Capital surplus	30.9	35.1	(4.2)
Treasury stock	(8.0)	(4.7)	(3.3)
Other components of equity	15.4	9.3	6.1
Retained earnings	184.0	177.3	6.6
Total liabilities and equity	417.0	428.0	(10.9)



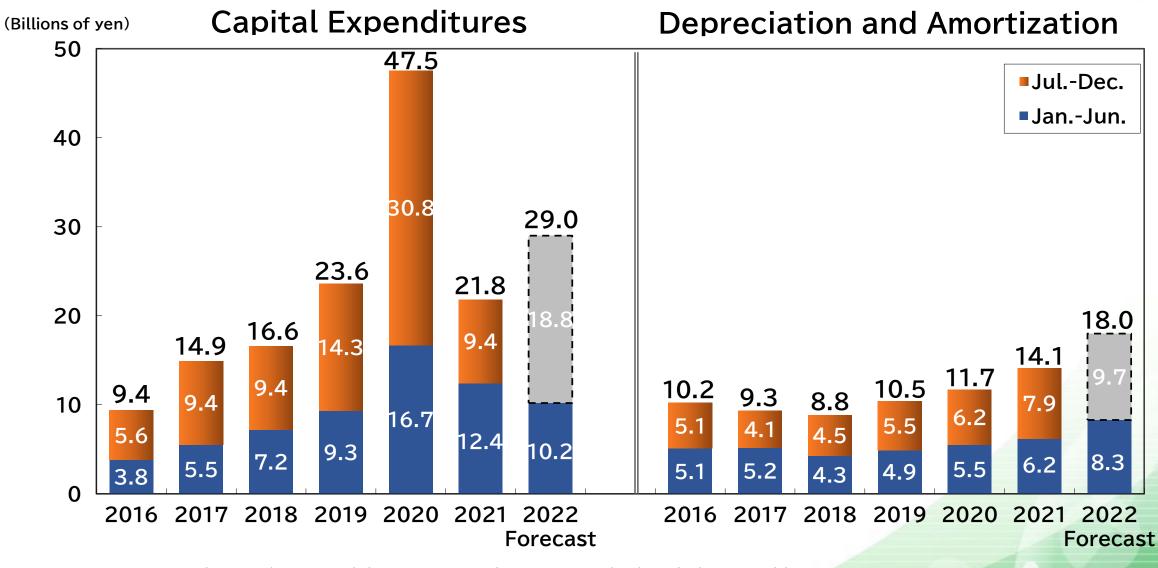
(Billions of yen)	September 30, 2022	September 30, 2021	Change
Cash flows from operating activities	18.6	(5.0)	23.6
Cash flows from investing activities	(13.3)	(28.1)	14.8
Cash flows from financing activities	(19.2)	(9.6)	(9.5)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	1.8	0.3	1.4
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(12.1)	(42.4)	30.3
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	97.2	121.5	(24.2)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	85.1	79.0	6.0

 i:	fe.	love.
	16	

(Billions of yen)	Initial forecast	August revision	Change
Changes in sales, product mix and others	+2.1	+3.0	+0.9
Total cost reduction (raw materials, logistics, etc.)	+2.0	+3.0	+1.0
Changes in raw material prices	(6.0)	(13.0)	(7.0)
Changes in competition-related expenses	(3.0)	(0.4)	+2.6
Changes in other expenses	(3.0)	(0.5)	+2.5
Total	(7.9)	(7.9)	±0

While the impact of rising raw material prices is greater than initially assumed, we will absorb this by advancing total cost reductions and reducing competition-related expenses and other expenses, aiming to reach the amount planned at the start of the year Capital Expenditures and Depreciation and Amortization





*Capital expenditures and depreciation and amortization both include intangible assets.

Changes in Household Products Market and OTC Drug Market

life.love.

1) Market Environment for Household Products (37 markets, SRI/SRI+*)

Overall market trend for the 38 home product markets in which Lion participates (Values are percentages of the results of the corresponding periods of the previous years)

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	JanSep. 2022
Sales value	99	102	102	112	95	101
Unit sales	98	100	100	105	92	97
Average unit price	102	102	102	106	103	104

Source: INTAGE Inc. SRI Survey (data for 2016 is for 38 markets; data for 2017 is for 37; data for 2018–2020 is for 38) SRI+ Survey data (data for 2021 is for 38 markets; data for 2022 is for 37)

2) Market Environment for Household Products (14 markets, SCI**)

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	JanSep. 2022
Sales value	103	102	105	108	102	102
Unit sales	101	100	102	101	96	96
Average unit price	102	103	104	106	107	106

Source: INTAGE Inc. SCI survey (data for 2016–2019 is for 15 markets; data for 2020 onward is for 14)

* The SRI+ survey uses point-of-sales data from around 3,000 stores nationwide for its estimates.

** The SCI survey collects purchasing data from around 50,000 shoppers (age 15-69) nationwide except for Okinawa



3) Market Environment for OTC Drug Market (7 markets, SDI/SRI+)

Overall market trends in the seven drug markets in which Lion participates

(Values are percentages of the results of the corresponding periods of the previous years)

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	JanSep. 2022
Sales value	103	102	100	93	103	102
Unit sales	101	101	99	89	101	101
Average unit price	102	101	101	105	102	101

Source: INTAGE Inc. SDI Survey (data for 2016–2018 is for 8 markets; data for 2019–2020 is for 7), SRI+ Survey (data for 2021 onward is for 7 markets) * Panel data changed from January 2019. Data for 2016 onward has been updated accordingly.

4) Market Environment for OTC Drug Market (2 markets, SCI)

Overall market trends in the two drug markets in which Lion participates

(Values are percentages of the results of the corresponding periods of the previous years)

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	JanSep. 2022
Sales value	103	104	104	102	110	99
Unit sales	100	102	102	99	107	98
Average unit price	103	102	102	103	103	101

Source: INTAGE Inc. SCI survey

life.love.

Raw Material Prices

	Dubai Crude	Domestic Naphtha	Crude Palm Oil
2022 second-half assumptions	105.0\$/BBL	JPY82,000/KL	5,200RM/ton

Exchange Rates

	U.S. Dollar	Thai Baht
2022 second-half assumptions	JPY130.0	JPY3.60

Reference

	Dubai Crude	Domestic Naphtha	Crude Palm Oil
2022 initial assumptions	75.0\$/BBL	JPY58,000/KL	5,000RM/ton
	U.S. Dollar	Thai Baht	
2022 initial assumptions	JPY110.0	JPY3.40	



life.love.